

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune.

Terrible Accident on the Railroad at Geneva.

Special Dispatch to the Tribune.

Geneva, Thursday, April 17—10 P. M.

The express train from the west is just in.

There has been a serious collision at Geneva.

While the express train was waiting for the accom-

modation train it was run into at the high-

speed of its own, smashing five cars to

atoms and badly maiming four persons, viz:

Isaac T. Bailey, confidential clerk of Corning &

Co.—both legs smashed; S. B. Scott, Kenosha, Wis-

consin; and John T. Peterson, Milwaukee, do.—

both legs smashed; Mr. Peterson, Milwaukee, do.—

another name not known, was thrown from the

car and seriously wounded; his life is despaired

of. The accident was caused by the carelessness

of the engineer. The want of care com-

plains the number of the passengers to take the

Erie Road.

Later—We have since learned that Mr. Bailey,

of Albany, is dead.

One Hundred Guns at Albany—Action of the

Argus.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 17, 1851.

Some Barnburners have taken into one hun-

dred guns to be used in the capture of the

editors of the Albany Argus, and the twelve disorgan-

ized Senators.

It is said the Argus will neither condemn nor

uphold the Senators resigned, nor the course they

pursued—but remain non-committed, leaving the

people to pass upon their conduct.

First Canal Boats from Albany.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 17.

The first boats from Albany arrived here about

7 o'clock this evening. They were the tugboat, Capt.

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SEVEN DAYS
LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA AT HALIFAX.

DECLINE IN COTTON.

By Magnetic Telegraph from Halifax to Portland.

AND THENCE

By Bain's Line to New-York.

HALIFAX TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Wednesday Morning, April 16.

The steamship America arrived at this port at

one o'clock this morning. She left Liverpool on

Saturday noon, the 5th inst. She sailed for Bos-

ton at 4 o'clock.

The steamship Pacific, Capt. Nye, arrived at Liver-

pool on Sunday the 31st ult. at 1 o'clock P. M.

after a passage of twelve days and one hour.

The City of Glasgow, from Philadelphia, arrived in

the Morley at 2 P. M. the same day.

The Atlantic had been removed to Huxinson's

graving dock and minutely inspected by scientific

men, all of whom report her to be in a perfect and

satisfactory state.

POLITICAL NEWS.—There is no European news of

importance.

The Russell ministry held their position, and are

getting through the business of Parliament

with tolerable success. The budget was discussed

on Friday evening, the 4th inst. Resolutions for

the renewal of the Income Tax were agreed to.

A powerful Papal league has been formed in

London.

Some apprehensions exist that foreigners in England

are plotting a revolutionary scheme, which is to

develop itself during the Great Exhibition.

The matter was brought before Parliament, and

in reply to inquiries put to members of the Cab-

inet, assurances were given that the Government

was prepared to meet any emergency.

FRANCE is quiet, but anxiety amounting to

alarm prevailed respecting the progress of Social-

ist principles in the Capital and departments.

The Receiver General's house in Lyons had

been burned down and all documents destroyed.

THE GERMAN QUESTION remains in statu quo.

BOSNIA.—The insurrection in the Bosnian prov-

inces has been effectively suppressed.

[This dispatch was transmitted to Portland on Wednes-

day evening, and was forwarded thence by a special mes-

senger. The Portland press has been informed, since

Thursday, that on Wednesday all the Bosnian in-

habitants were prostrated by the plague.]

P. S. The America arrived at Boston yester-

day. By express we have received a copy of

Willmer & Smith's Times, from which we make

the following extracts:

FRANCE.—On Saturday the National Assem-

blée, by a majority of 319 to 305, referred M. de

Race's proposition to a special commission.

The Municipal Councils of Nuits and Prey have

been dissolved, and the Mayor of Nuits and his

deputies dismissed.

Admiral Paravault Deschamps's squadron sailed

from Brest for Toulon on the 15th ult.

The papers contain an official communication of

the failure of the Ministerial combinations which

have been attempted by the President.

On Monday M. Ducoux, while taking part in the

labors of the Commission on recruitment, was

seized with an apoplectic fit. Dr. Rigal, another

Representative, who happened to be present, at

once took out his lancet and bled him, and M.

Ducoux is considered out of danger.

The director of the *Republican* newspaper has

been sentenced to fine and imprisonment for

having published a second edition of his paper

without making any additional deposits.

SPAIN.—Our accounts from Madrid are of the

26th ult. The *Epoca* states that the King left on

the previous day for Aranjuez, on a visit to his

brother the Infante Don Enrique, who, it appears,

arrived in that royal residence a regular prisoner,

escorted by a detachment of civic guards. The

Chamber of Deputies was still engaged in discus-

sing the project of law relative to the arrangement

of the Treasury debts.

PORTUGAL.—Letters of the 23d ult. announce

the return in the Tagus of Commodore Martin's

squadron. The claims of the Marquis of Valladares

to the peerage have been rejected. In the debate

on this claim speeches of great violence were ex-

changed by the Duke of Saldaña and the Mar-

quis of Thomar. The Lower House has voted

the whole of the budget. The Alfala question

was before the Upper House when the port-fol-

io of the Southampton steamer, of the 17th ult, had

not arrived in the Tagus.

HOLLAND.—The Minister of Finance has sub-

mitted eight very important projects of law to

the Second Chamber: 1. A tax upon Netherlands

SWITZERLAND.—The Swiss Journalist of the 18th

ult. contain but few additional details on the

affair of Libanon. On the insurgents we found

the list of a Provisional constitution and a decree for

draw up a new constitution with absolute power.

There was also found a proclamation announcing

the dissolution of the present Government, the

dismissal of all functionaries, &c. The *Revue de*

Geneve states that eight or nine persons were

killed in the attempted insurrection, and that

Canard, the leader, and many more of the in-

surgers, were taken prisoners. The Council of

State had declared the town in a state of siege.

Neither the townsmen nor the country people at

the market showed any sympathy with the move-

ment.

ITALY.—Letters from Turin, of the 19th ult., con-

firm the late intelligence of the failure of the Aus-

trian negotiations at Rome for the North of Italy

Railway.

NATAL.—A file of the *Natal Witness*, with dates

to February 17, has been received. The outbreak

of the Cape colony was known at Natal on the

16th, and great anxiety was felt as to the

probable influence of that event on the new set-

tlement. The local authorities have not issued

any notice on the subject. Mr. Shephard, it was

stated, had issued orders to the natives to be in

readiness to accompany him—to the number of

one hundred and fifty. Many of the servants

at Durban had left their place with a view of

joining the command, and the projected route

laid down was through the Faku territory. The

natives appear to be willing for the work, and it

was expected that a body of 50,000 strong coming

in the rear of the Kaffirs were attacking the

settlement, would be followed by desirable

effects. The whole value of it was thought would

be increased by the war at the Cape. Commerce

was progressing favorably, the number of busi-

ness men having doubled within a few months.

In Durban, the colonists were showing signs

of social progress by the establishment of a

library and museum, and also a commercial

club. A conveyance had been established

an omnibus route between Natal and Durban.

TURKEY.—The Austrian papers represent the

insurrection in Bosnia as acquiring new force.

Fifteen thousand insurgents had assembled at

Jaicna, and a murderous fight with the Sultan's

troops had taken place in the close neighborhood

of that town, in which the advantage seems to

have remained on the side of the rebels. Several

hundred fell on both sides. The whole neighbor-

hood of Banjaluka had taken up arms. Omar

Pasha had not yet come up with the insurgents,

and it is feared he has not sufficient troops to

overcome them.

COMMERCIAL.

Hellingshead, Feltz & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

NEW-YORK, April 17, 1851.

Without being able to assign any particular cause, unless

it was that the accounts from the United States, received

on Monday last, were not so favorable as those of

the 10th inst., we have seen a decided fall in the

price of cotton. The market was very quiet, and

the demand was not so strong as on the 10th.

There was a fair amount of business done, and

the market was very quiet, and the demand was